

**NIST SPECIAL PUBLICATION 1800-8A**

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# Securing Wireless Infusion Pumps

## In Healthcare Delivery Organizations

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**Volume A:**  
**Executive Summary**

**DRAFT**

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# Executive Summary

- 1       ▪ Broad technological advancements have contributed to the Internet of Things (IoT)  
2       phenomenon, where physical devices now have technology that allow them to connect to the  
3       internet and communicate with other devices or systems.<sup>i</sup> With billions of devices being  
4       connected to the internet,<sup>ii</sup> many industries, including healthcare, have or are beginning to  
5       leverage IoT devices to improve operational efficiency and enhance innovation.
- 6       ▪ Medical devices, such as infusion pumps<sup>iii</sup>, were once standalone instruments that interacted  
7       only with the patient or medical provider. With technological improvements designed to  
8       enhance patient care, these devices now connect wirelessly to a variety of systems, networks,  
9       and other tools within a healthcare delivery organization (HDO) – ultimately contributing to the  
10      Internet of Medical Things (IoMT).
- 11      ▪ As IoMT grows, cybersecurity risks have risen. According to the Association for the  
12      Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) Technical Information Report 57 (TIR57), “this  
13      has created a new source of risk for [the] safe operation [of medical devices].”<sup>iv</sup> In particular, the  
14      wireless infusion pump ecosystem (the pump, the network, and the data stored in and on a  
15      pump) face a range of threats, including unauthorized access to protected health information  
16      (PHI), changes to prescribed drug doses, and interference with a pump’s function.
- 17      ▪ In addition to managing interconnected medical devices, HDOs oversee complex, highly  
18      technical environments, from back-office applications for billing and insurance services, supply  
19      chain and inventory management, and staff scheduling to clinical systems such as radiological  
20      and pharmaceutical support. In this intricate healthcare environment, HDOs and medical device  
21      manufacturers that share responsibility and take a collaborative, holistic approach to reducing  
22      cybersecurity risks of the infusion pump ecosystem can better protect healthcare systems,  
23      patients, PHI, and enterprise information.
- 24      ▪ The National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE) at the National Institute of Standards  
25      and Technology (NIST) analyzed risk factors in and around the infusion pump ecosystem using a  
26      questionnaire-based risk assessment. With the results of that assessment, the NCCoE then  
27      developed an example implementation that demonstrates how HDOs can use standards-based,  
28      commercially available cybersecurity technologies to better protect the infusion pump  
29      ecosystem, including patient information and drug library dosing limits.

## 30 CHALLENGE

31 Technology improvements happen rapidly across all sectors. For organizations focused on streamlining  
32 operations and delivering high-quality patient care, it can be difficult to take advantage of the latest  
33 technological advances, while also ensuring new medical devices or applications are secure. For many  
34 HDOs, this can result in improperly configured information technology networks and components that  
35 increase cybersecurity risks.

36 Unlike prior medical devices that were once standalone instruments, today’s wireless infusion pumps  
37 connect to a variety of healthcare systems, networks, and other devices. Although connecting infusion  
38 pumps to point-of-care medication systems and electronic health records (EHRs) can improve healthcare  
39 delivery processes, using a medical device’s connectivity capabilities can create significant cybersecurity  
40 risk, which could lead to operational or safety risks. Tampering, intentional or otherwise, with the

41 wireless infusion pump ecosystem can expose a healthcare provider’s enterprise to serious risks, such  
42 as:

- 43       ▪ access by malicious actors
- 44       ▪ loss or corruption of enterprise information and patient data and health records
- 45       ▪ a breach of protected health information
- 46       ▪ loss or disruption of healthcare services
- 47       ▪ damage to an organization’s reputation, productivity, and bottom-line revenue

48 As IoMT grows, with an increasing number of infusion pumps connecting to networks, the vulnerabilities  
49 and risk factors become more critical as they can expose the pump ecosystem to external attacks,  
50 compromises, or interference.

## 51 SOLUTION

52 The NCCoE has developed cybersecurity guidance, NIST Special Publication 1800-8 *Securing Wireless*  
53 *Infusion Pumps*, using standards-based commercially available technologies and industry best practices  
54 to help HDOs strengthen the security of the wireless infusion pump ecosystem within healthcare  
55 facilities.

56  
57 This NIST cybersecurity publication provides best practices and detailed guidance on how to manage  
58 assets, protect against threats, and mitigate vulnerabilities by performing a questionnaire-based risk  
59 assessment. In addition, the security characteristics of wireless infusion pump ecosystem are mapped to  
60 currently available cybersecurity standards and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act  
61 (HIPAA) Security Rule. Based on our risk assessment findings, we apply security controls to the pump’s  
62 ecosystem to create a ‘defense-in-depth’ solution for protecting infusion pumps and their surrounding  
63 systems against various risk factors. Ultimately, we show how biomedical, networking, and cybersecurity  
64 engineers and IT professionals can securely configure and deploy wireless infusion pumps to reduce  
65 cybersecurity risk.

66  
67 Although the NCCoE used a suite of commercially available tools and technologies to address wireless  
68 infusion pump cybersecurity challenges, this guide does not endorse any specific products, nor does it  
69 guarantee compliance with any regulatory initiatives. Your organization’s information security experts  
70 can identify solutions that will best integrate with your organization’s current tools and IT system  
71 infrastructure. Your organization may choose to adopt this solution, or one that adheres to these  
72 guidelines, or you may refer to this guide as a starting point for tailoring and implementing specific parts  
73 that best suit your organization’s risk profile and needs.

## 74 BENEFITS

75 The NCCoE’s practice guide to securing the wireless infusion pump ecosystem can help your  
76 organization:

- 77       ▪ reduce cybersecurity risk, and potentially reduce impact to safety and operational risk, such as  
78       the loss of patient information or interference with the standard operation of a medical device
- 79       ▪ develop and execute a defense-in-depth strategy that protects the enterprise with layers of  
80       security to avoid a single point of failure and provide strong support for availability

- 81       ▪ implement current cybersecurity standards and best practices, while maintaining the  
82       performance and usability of wireless infusion pumps

### 83   **SHARE YOUR FEEDBACK**

84   You can view or download the guide at [https://nccoe.nist.gov/projects/use\\_cases/medical\\_devices](https://nccoe.nist.gov/projects/use_cases/medical_devices).  
85   Help the NCCoE make this guide better by sharing your thoughts with us. We recognize that technical  
86   solutions alone will not fully enable the benefits of a cybersecurity solution, so we encourage  
87   organizations to share their lessons learned and best practices for transforming the processes associated  
88   with implementing these guidelines. To provide comments or to learn more by arranging a  
89   demonstration of this reference solution, contact the NCCoE at [hit\\_nccoe@nist.gov](mailto:hit_nccoe@nist.gov).

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### 91   **TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS/COLLABORATORS**

92   Technology vendors who participated in this project submitted their capabilities in response to a call in  
93   the Federal Register. Companies with relevant products were invited to sign a Cooperative Research and  
94   Development Agreement with NIST, allowing them to participate in a consortium to build this example  
95   solution.



96   Certain commercial entities, equipment, products, or materials may be identified in this practice guide  
97   to adequately describe an experimental procedure or concept. Such identification is not intended to  
98   imply recommendation or endorsement by NIST or NCCoE, nor is it intended to imply that the entities,  
99   equipment, products, or materials are necessarily the best available for the purpose.

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101   The National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE), a part of the National  
102   Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), is a collaborative hub where  
103   industry organizations, government agencies, and academic institutions work  
104   together to address businesses’ most pressing cybersecurity challenges. Through  
this collaboration, the NCCoE applies standards and best practices to develop  
modular, easily adaptable example cybersecurity solutions using commercially  
available technology.

**LEARN MORE**  
<https://nccoe.nist.gov>  
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301-975-0200

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<sup>i</sup> *Internet of Things*, Gartner IT Glossary, <http://www.gartner.com/it-glossary/internet-of-things/> [accessed 4/5/2017].

<sup>ii</sup> *Popular Internet of Things Forecast of 50 Billion Devices by 2020 Is Outdated*, IEEE Spectrum, 2016.  
<http://spectrum.ieee.org/tech-talk/telecom/internet/popular-internet-of-things-forecast-of-50-billion-devices-by-2020-is-outdated> [accessed 4/5/2017].

<sup>iii</sup> Defined by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as “a medical device that delivers fluids into a patient’s body in a controlled manner, either through the use of interconnected servers or via a standalone drug library-based medication delivery system.”  
<https://www.fda.gov/medicaldevices/productsandmedicalprocedures/generalhospitaldevicesandsupplies/infusionpumps/default.htm> [accessed 4/5/2017].

<sup>iv</sup> *Principles of Medical Device Security*, Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) Technical Information Report (TIR) 57, 2016, ix pp.